..... (Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To prohibit the use of corporal punishment in schools, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. MCEACHIN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

### A BILL

To prohibit the use of corporal punishment in schools, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Protecting our Students in Schools Act of 2021".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act are as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—PROHIBITION OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

- Sec. 101. Prohibition of corporal punishment.
- Sec. 102. Civil actions by the Attorney General.
- Sec. 103. Enforcement by the Office for Civil Rights.
- Sec. 104. Parent notification and protection and advocacy systems.

#### TITLE II—STATE ACTIVITIES AND GRANT PROGRAM

Sec. 201. State plan and enforcement.

Sec. 202. Grant authority.

#### TITLE III—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Federal regulations.

Sec. 302. Other schools.

Sec. 303. Limitation of authority.

Sec. 304. Applicability to private schools and home schools.

Sec. 305. Severability.

Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.

#### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

2 The purposes of this Act are to—

3 (1) eliminate the use of corporal punishment in4 schools;

5 (2) ensure, regardless of sexual orientation, 6 gender identity or expression, sex, race, color, na-7 tional origin, disability, or religion, the health and 8 safety of all students and program personnel in 9 schools and promote a positive school climate and 10 culture;

(3) assist States, local educational agencies, and schools in improving school climate and culture by implementing positive behavioral interventions and supports, and other models (including models such as restorative justice interventions, trauma-informed care, multi-tiered system of supports, crisis and de-escalation interventions, implicit bias train-

ing, and culturally responsive teaching), to address
 student behavior and work to eliminate the use of
 exclusionary and aversive discipline practices or
 interventions;

5 (4) ensure all program personnel have the sup6 ports and training necessary to implement positive
7 behavioral interventions and supports and other
8 models to address student behavior and improve
9 school climate and culture; and

10 (5) collect and analyze data on exclusionary and
11 aversive discipline practices or interventions in
12 schools.

### 13 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

14 In this Act:

15 (1) CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.—The term "corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, 16 17 a deliberate act which causes the student to feel 18 physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including 19 an act of physical force, such as striking, spanking, 20 or paddling, inflicted on a student's body, requiring 21 a student to assume a painful physical position, or 22 the use of chemical sprays, electroshock weapon, or 23 stun guns on a student's body.

24 (2) ESEA TERMS.—The terms "elementary
25 school", "evidence-based", "local educational agen-

cy", "outlying area", "parent", "secondary school",
 "Secretary", "State", and "State educational agen cy" have the meanings given the terms in section
 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education
 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

EXCLUSIONARY DISCIPLINE.—The term 6 (3)"exclusionary discipline" means any type of discipli-7 8 nary action that removes or excludes a student from 9 the student's usual educational setting, or from ac-10 cess to education services, including such discipli-11 nary actions as in-school suspensions, out-of-school 12 suspensions, expulsions, or any other removal, how-13 ever labeled, that results in lost instructional time 14 for the student.

15 (4) MODEL.—The term "model" means an ac16 tivity, strategy, framework, or intervention that is
17 evidence-based, to the extent practicable.

18 (5) POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS
19 AND SUPPORTS.—The term "positive behavioral
20 interventions and supports"—

21 (A) means a schoolwide, systematic ap22 proach that embeds evidence-based practices
23 and data-driven decision making to improve
24 school climate and culture in order to achieve
25 improved academic and social outcomes and in-

1	crease learning for all students (including stu-
2	dents with the most complex and intensive be-
3	havioral needs); and
4	(B) encompasses a range of systemic and
5	individualized positive strategies to teach and
6	reinforce school-expected behaviors, while dis-
7	couraging and diminishing undesirable behav-
8	iors.
9	(6) Program.—The term "program" means—
10	(A) all of the operations of a local edu-
11	cational agency, system of vocational education,
12	or other school system;
13	(B) a program that serves children who re-
14	ceive services for which financial assistance is
15	provided in accordance with the Head Start Act
16	(42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.); or
17	(C) an elementary school or secondary
18	school that is not a public school that enrolls a
19	student who receives special education and re-
20	lated services under the Individuals with Dis-
21	abilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et
22	seq.).
23	(7) Program personnel.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
25	graph (B), the term "program personnel"

means any agent of a program, including an in-
dividual who is employed by a program, or who
performs services for a program on a contrac-
tual basis, including—
(i) school leaders;
(ii) teachers;
(iii) specialized instructional support
personnel;
(iv) paraprofessionals; or
(v) other staff.
(B) EXCLUSION.—Notwithstanding sub-
paragraph (A), program personnel shall not in-
clude a law enforcement officer or a school se-
curity guard.
(8) PROTECTION AND ADVOCACY SYSTEM.—The
term "protection and advocacy system" means a
protection and advocacy system established under
section 143 of the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
15043).
(9) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.—The term
"law enforcement officer"—
(A) means any person who—
(i) is a State, Tribal, or local law en-
forcement officer (as defined in section

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1	1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-
2	trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34
3	U.S.C. 10284)); and
4	(ii) is assigned by the employing law
5	enforcement agency to a program, who is
6	contracting with a program, or who is em-
7	ployed by a program; and
8	(B) includes an individual referred to as a
9	"school resource officer" if that individual
10	meets the definition in subparagraph (A).
11	(10) School security guard.—The term
12	"school security guard" means an individual who is
13	not a sworn law enforcement officer and who is re-
14	sponsible for addressing one or more of the following
15	safety and crime prevention activities in and around
16	a program:
17	(A) Assisting program personnel in safety
18	incidents.
19	(B) Educating students in crime and ille-
20	gal drug use prevention and safety.
21	(C) Developing or expanding community
22	justice initiatives for students.
23	(D) Training students in conflict resolution
24	and supporting restorative justice programs.

(E) Serving as a liaison between the pro gram and outside agencies, including other law
 enforcement agencies.

4 (F) Screening students or visitors to the
5 program for prohibited items.

6 (11) STUDENT.—The term "student" means an
7 individual enrolled in a program.

### 8 **TITLE I—PROHIBITION OF** 9 **CORPORAL PUNISHMENT**

10 SEC. 101. PROHIBITION OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

(a) PROHIBITION.—No student shall be subjected to
corporal punishment by program personnel, a law enforcement officer, or a school security guard under any program which receives Federal financial assistance.

15 (b) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—A student who has been subjected to corporal punishment by program per-16 17 sonnel, a law enforcement officer, or a school security guard in violation of subsection (a), or the parent of such 18 19 student, may file a civil action in any Federal or State 20 court of competent jurisdiction against the program under 21 which the violation is alleged to have occurred for attor-22 neys' fees, expert fees, injunctive relief, and compensatory 23 damages.

### 1 SEC. 102. CIVIL ACTIONS BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

2 Whenever the Attorney General receives a complaint 3 in writing signed by a parent (including a legal guardian) or a group of parents (including legal guardians) to the 4 5 effect that the minor children of such a parent or parents are being deprived by a program of the right under this 6 7 Act to not be subject to corporal punishment by program 8 personnel, law enforcement officers, or school security 9 guards and the Attorney General believes the complaint is meritorious, the Attorney General is authorized, after 10 11 giving notice of such complaint to the appropriate program and after certifying that the Attorney General is sat-12 13 isfied that such program has had a reasonable time to adjust the conditions alleged in such complaint, to institute 14 for or in the name of the United States a civil action in 15 any appropriate district court of the United States against 16 17 such parties and for such relief as may be appropriate, and such court shall have and shall exercise jurisdiction 18 19 of proceedings instituted pursuant to this section. The Attorney General may implead as defendants such additional 20 21 parties as are or become necessary to the grant of effective relief hereunder. 22

## 23 SEC. 103. ENFORCEMENT BY THE OFFICE FOR CIVIL24RIGHTS.

25 (a) REFERRAL TO OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS.—The26 Secretary shall refer any complaint alleging a violation of

section 101(a) to the Office for Civil Rights of the Depart ment of Education for an investigation.

- 3 (b) PROCESS FOR REFERRAL.—Not later than 90
  4 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec5 retary shall develop and implement a procedure for receiv6 ing a complaint alleging a violation of section 101(a).
- 7 (c) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—In the event that a pro8 gram has failed to comply with section 101(a), the Sec9 retary shall carry out at least one of the following:
- (1) Withhold from such program, in whole or in
  part, further payments (including payments for administrative costs) under an applicable program (as
  such term is defined in section 400(c) of the General
  Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221)) in accordance with section 455 of such Act (20 U.S.C.
  1234d).
- 17 (2) Enter into a compliance agreement in ac18 cordance with section 457 of the General Education
  19 Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1234f).

20 (3) Issue a complaint to compel compliance of
21 such program through a cease and desist order, in
22 the same manner the Secretary is authorized to take
23 such action under section 456 of the General Edu24 cation Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1234c).

(d) CESSATION OF WITHHOLDING OF FUNDS.—If 1 2 the Secretary determines (whether by certification or other 3 appropriate evidence) that a program that is subject to 4 the withholding of payments under subsection (c)(1) of 5 this section has cured the failure providing the basis for the withholding of payments on a date that is within one 6 7 vear from the date on which such payments were first 8 withheld, the Secretary shall—

9 (1) cease the withholding of payments with re-10 spect to that program under such subsection; and

(2) reimburse all the withheld payments undersuch subsection to such program.

(e) WITHHELD FUNDS.—The funds appropriated or
made available for the payments that were withheld under
subsection (c)(1) shall be available for expenditure to that
program pursuant to this subsection for up to one year
from the date upon which the determination in subsection
(d) was made.

(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the Secretary's authority
under the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C.
1221 et seq.).

### 1SEC. 104. PARENT NOTIFICATION AND PROTECTION AND2ADVOCACY SYSTEMS.

3 (a) NOTIFICATION.—If a student is subject to cor-4 poral punishment committed by program personnel, a law 5 enforcement officer, or a school security guard at a pro-6 gram, the program serving such student shall notify, in 7 writing, not later than 24 hours after such use of force 8 occurs, the facts of such use of force to—

9 (1) the parent or parents of such student;

10 (2) the State educational agency; and

11 (3) the local law enforcement agency.

(b) NOTIFICATION FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES.—In the case of a student described in subsection
(a) who is an individual with a disability (as defined in
section 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
(42 U.S.C. 12102)) the program serving such student
shall—

(1) in addition to the notification described in
such subsection, notify, in writing, not later than 24
hours after the use of force described in such subsection occurs, the facts of such use of force to the
relevant protection and advocacy system; and

(2) provide any information to the relevant protection and advocacy system that the protection and
advocacy system may require.

1 (c) RESTATEMENT OF AUTHORITY.—Protection and 2 advocacy systems shall have the same authorities and 3 rights provided under subtitle C of title I of the Develop-4 mental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 5 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15041 et seq.) with respect to protections provided for students under this Act when such students 6 7 are otherwise eligible to be clients of the protection and 8 advocacy system, including investigating, monitoring, and 9 enforcing such protections.

## 10 TITLE II—STATE ACTIVITIES 11 AND GRANT PROGRAM

### 12 SEC. 201. STATE PLAN AND ENFORCEMENT.

(a) STATE REQUIREMENTS.—In accordance with the
schedule specified in subsection (c), each State educational
agency that receives Federal financial assistance shall provide to the Secretary—

(1) in the case of a State that did not prohibit
corporal punishment in schools before the date of
enactment of this Act, a written assurance that—

20 (A) all programs located in such State
21 have been notified of the requirements of this
22 Act;

(B) all program personnel of such State
educational agency have received training with
respect to such requirements;

1	(C) parents of students served by such
2	State educational agency have been notified of
3	the requirements, rights, and remedies available
4	under this Act; and
5	(D) the notification required under sub-
6	paragraph (C) is publicly available on the
7	website of the State educational agency;
8	(2) in the case of a State that prohibited cor-
9	poral punishment in schools before the date of enact-
10	ment of this Act, a written assurance that all pro-
11	grams located in such State have been notified of
12	the requirements of this Act; and
13	(3) a school climate report that includes a de-
14	scription of—
15	(A) the policies and procedures of the
16	State educational agency with respect to exclu-
17	sionary and aversive discipline practices or
18	interventions in such schools;
19	(B) how the State educational agency
20	plans to implement, is implementing, or has im-
21	plemented positive behavioral interventions and
22	supports and other models to address student
23	behavior and reduce the use of exclusionary and
24	aversive discipline practices or interventions in
25	the public elementary and secondary schools of

such State as required under section Section
 1111(g)(1)(C) of the Elementary and Sec ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
 6311(g)(1)(C)); and

5 (C) efforts of the State educational agency 6 to ensure program personnel receive the sup-7 ports and training necessary to implement the 8 interventions, supports, and other models de-9 scribed in subparagraph (B).

10 (b) LOCAL Educational AGENCY **REQUIRE-**MENTS.—In accordance with the schedule specified in sub-11 12 section (c), each local educational agency shall submit to the State educational agency a report that includes the 13 information the State educational agency determines nec-14 15 essary to comply with the requirements of subsection (a). 16 (c) SUBMISSION SCHEDULE.—States and local edu-

17 cational agencies shall make the submissions required18 under subsections (a) and (b) as follows:

(1) The initial submissions shall be made not
later than one year after the date of enactment of
this Act and on an annual basis during each of the
3 years following the year of the first submission.

23 (2) After the expiration of the 3-year period de24 scribed in paragraph (1), subsequent submissions

shall be made not less frequently than once every
 two years.

3 (d) REPORT.—For each year in which the Secretary
4 receives submissions from States in accordance with the
5 schedule specified in subsection (c), the Secretary shall—

6 (1) submit to the Committee on Education and 7 Labor of the House of Representatives and the Com-8 mittee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions 9 of the Senate a report summarizing the findings of 10 the school climate reports received from States for 11 such year; and

12 (2) make the school climate reports publicly13 available.

14 (e) ENFORCEMENT.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—

16 (A) USE OF REMEDIES.—If a State edu17 cational agency fails to comply with subsection
18 (a), the Secretary shall carry out at least one
19 of the following:

20 (i) Withhold, in whole or in part, fur21 ther payments under an applicable pro22 gram (as such term is defined in section
23 400(c) of the General Education Provi24 sions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221)) in accordance

1	with section $455$ of such Act (20 U.S.C.
2	1234d).
3	(ii) Enter into a compliance agree-
4	ment in accordance with section 457 of the
5	General Education Provisions Act (20
6	U.S.C. 1234f).
7	(iii) Issue a complaint to compel com-
8	pliance of the State educational agency
9	through a cease and desist order, in the
10	same manner the Secretary is authorized
11	to take such action under section 456 of
12	the General Education Provisions Act $(20$
13	U.S.C. 1234e).
14	(B) CESSATION OF WITHHOLDING OF
15	FUNDS.—If the Secretary determines (whether
16	by certification or other appropriate evidence)
17	that a State educational agency that is subject
18	to the withholding of payments under subpara-
19	graph (A)(i) has cured the failure providing the
20	basis for the withholding of payments within
21	one year from the date on which such payments
22	were first withheld, the Secretary shall—
23	(i) cease the withholding of payments
24	with respect to the State educational agen-
25	cy under such subparagraph; and

1	(ii) reimburse all the withheld	pay-
2	ments under such subparagraph to	such
3	State educational agency.	

4 (2) WITHHELD FUNDS.—The funds appro-5 priated or made available for the payments that 6 were withheld under paragraph (1)(A)(i) shall be 7 available for expenditure to that program pursuant 8 to this paragraph for up to one year from the date 9 upon which the determination in paragraph (1)(B) 10 was made.

(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
subsection shall be construed to limit the Secretary's
authority under the General Education Provisions
Act (20 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.).

### 15 SEC. 202. GRANT AUTHORITY.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—From the amount appropriated 17 under section 306, the Secretary may award grants to State educational agencies to improve school climate and 18 19 culture by implementing positive behavioral interventions 20 and supports and other models to address student behav-21 ior and reduce the use of exclusionary and aversive dis-22 cipline practices or interventions in public elementary and 23 secondary schools.

24 (b) DURATION OF GRANT.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—A grant under this section
2	shall be awarded to a State educational agency for
3	a three-year period.
4	(2) REAPPLICATION.—At the end of a grant pe-
5	riod described in paragraph (1), a State educational
6	agency desiring a subsequent grant under this sec-
7	tion may be eligible for such grant if such State edu-
8	cational agency—
9	(A) submits an application under sub-
10	section (c); and
11	(B) demonstrates—
12	(i) that such State educational agency
13	effectively used grant funds to carry out
14	the required activities under subsection (e)
15	during the previous grant period; and
16	(ii) with respect to such State edu-
17	cational agency, a decrease in at least one
18	of the following:
19	(I) Exclusionary and aversive dis-
20	cipline practices or interventions, in-
21	cluding in-school suspensions, out-of-
22	school suspensions, and expulsions.
23	(II) School-related arrests.
24	(III) Referrals of students to law
25	enforcement.

1	(3) DATA.—A State educational agency shall,
2	with respect to the data used under paragraph
3	(2)(B)(ii)—
4	(A) cross-tabulate such data and
5	disaggregate by race, gender, disability, and
6	English learner; and
7	(B) redact all personally identifiable infor-
8	mation from such data.
9	(c) Application.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State educational
11	agency desiring a grant under this section shall sub-
12	mit an application to the Secretary at such time, in
13	such manner, and accompanied by such information
14	as the Secretary may require, including—
15	(A) information on how the State edu-
16	cational agency will carry out the required ac-
17	tivities specified in subsection (e);
18	(B) a description of how the State edu-
19	cational agency will improve school climate and
20	culture by reducing the use of exclusionary and
21	aversive discipline practices or interventions;
22	(C) a description of how the State edu-
23	cational agency will implement positive behav-
24	ioral interventions and supports, and other
25	models (including models such as restorative

justice interventions, trauma-informed care,
 multi-tiered system of supports, crisis and de escalation interventions, implicit bias training,
 and culturally responsive teaching), to address
 student behavior and work to eliminate the use
 of exclusionary and aversive discipline practices
 or interventions; and

8 (D) a description of how the State edu-9 cational agency will develop and implement 10 high-quality training for program personnel de-11 signed to improve school climate and culture 12 and increase the use of positive behavioral 13 interventions and supports and other models to 14 address student behavior and reduce the use of 15 exclusionary and aversive discipline practices or interventions. 16

17 (2) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this
18 section, the Secretary shall give priority to State
19 educational agencies—

20 (A) with a high percentage of in-school
21 suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expul22 sions, school-related arrests, and referrals of
23 students to law enforcement;

1	(B) that lack positive behavioral interven-
2	tions and supports and other models to improve
3	school climate and culture; or
4	(C) that are in most need of assistance re-
5	lating to improving school climate and culture
6	by reducing the use of exclusionary and aversive
7	discipline practices or interventions, as deter-
8	mined by the Secretary.
9	(d) Authority To Make Subgrants.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency
11	receiving a grant under this section may use such
12	grant funds to award subgrants, on a competitive
13	basis in accordance with subsection $(e)(2)$ , to local
14	educational agencies.
15	(2) Application.—A local educational agency
16	desiring to receive a subgrant under this section
17	shall submit an application to the applicable State
18	educational agency at such time, in such manner,
19	and containing such information as the State edu-
20	cational agency may require, including the informa-
21	tion described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of
22	subsection $(c)(1)$ .
23	(e) Required Activities.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency
25	receiving a grant, or a local educational agency re-

1	ceiving a subgrant, under this section shall use such
2	grant or subgrant funds to carry out the following:
3	(A) Developing and implementing high-
4	quality training for program personnel designed
5	to—
6	(i) improve school climate and culture;
7	(ii) increase use of positive behavioral
8	interventions and supports and other mod-
9	els to address student behavior; and
10	(iii) reduce the use of exclusionary
11	and aversive discipline practices or inter-
12	ventions and the discriminatory and dis-
13	proportionate impact such practices have
14	on students based on their race, ethnicity,
15	gender, or disability.
16	(B) Providing technical assistance to im-
17	prove school climate and culture by imple-
18	menting positive behavioral interventions and
19	supports, and other models (including models
20	such as restorative justice interventions, trau-
21	ma-informed care, multi-tiered system of sup-
22	ports, crisis and de-escalation interventions, im-
23	plicit bias training, and culturally responsive
24	teaching), to address student behavior and work

1	to eliminate the use of exclusionary and aver-
2	sive discipline practices or interventions.
3	(C) Researching, developing, implementing,
4	and evaluating models, policies, and procedures
5	to reduce the use of exclusionary and aversive
6	discipline practices or interventions in public el-
7	ementary and secondary schools.
8	(2) PRIORITY.—A State educational agency or
9	local educational agency shall prioritize carrying out
10	the activities specified in subparagraphs (A) through
11	(C) of paragraph (1) in public elementary and sec-
12	ondary schools—
13	(A) in which a disproportionately high per-
14	centage of students who have been subjected to
15	disciplinary proceedings or have otherwise expe-
16	rienced the application of such a school's dis-
17	cipline policies, practices, and procedures, rel-
18	ative to such school's total student population,
19	are students of color or students with disabil-
20	ities (as defined in section 602 of the Individ-
21	uals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C.
22	1401));
23	(B) with a high percentage of in-school
24	suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expul-

1	sions, school-related arrests, and referrals of
2	students to law enforcement;
3	(C) that lack positive behavioral interven-
4	tions and supports and other models to improve
5	school climate and culture; or
6	(D) that have demonstrated meaningful
7	community engagement in selecting models to
8	improve school climate and culture.
9	(f) EVALUATION AND REPORT.—
10	(1) Local educational agency reports.—
11	Each local educational agency receiving a subgrant
12	under this section shall, at the end of the grant pe-
13	riod for such subgrant, prepare and submit to the
14	State educational agency a report that—
15	(A) evaluates the progress of the local edu-
16	cational agency toward carrying out the re-
17	quired activities under subsection (e); and
18	(B) includes any additional information the
19	State educational agency determines necessary
20	to complete the report required under para-
21	graph (2).
22	(2) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY REPORTS.—
23	Each State educational agency receiving a grant
24	under this section shall, at the end of the three-year

1	grant period for such grant, prepare and submit to
2	the Secretary a report that—
3	(A) evaluates the State's progress toward
4	carrying out the required activities under sub-
5	section (e);
6	(B) includes data on the impact of the
7	grant program on school climate and culture
8	during such grant period, including, with re-
9	spect to the State educational agency, data on
10	the prevalence of, and increase or decrease in—
11	(i) exclusionary and aversive discipline
12	practices or interventions, including in-
13	school suspensions, out-of-school suspen-
14	sions, and expulsions;
15	(ii) school-related arrests; and
16	(iii) student referrals to law enforce-
17	ment;
18	(C) includes the number of high-quality
19	school climate and culture trainings conducted
20	for program personnel during such grant pe-
21	riod;
22	(D) describes the models implemented to
23	improve school climate and culture during such
24	grant period;

1	(E) specifies the number of subgrants
2	made under subsection (d) and the local edu-
3	cational agencies that were awarded such sub-
4	grants; and
5	(F) includes such information as the Sec-
6	retary may require.
7	(3) DATA.—A State educational agency shall,
8	with respect to the data described in paragraph
9	(2)(B)—
10	(A) cross-tabulate and disaggregate the
11	data in the same manner as under subsection
12	(b)(3)(A); and
13	(B) redact all personally identifiable infor-
14	mation from such data.
15	(4) PUBLICATION.—Not later than one year
16	after receiving a report under paragraph (2), the
17	Secretary shall make the report publicly available on
18	the website of the Department of Education.
19	(g) Funds Available for the Department of
20	THE INTERIOR.—From the amount appropriated under
21	section 306, the Secretary shall allocate—
22	(1) 0.5 percent of such funds to the Secretary
23	of the Interior for activities under this section with
24	respect to schools operated or funded by the Depart-

ment of the Interior, under such terms and condi tions as the Secretary may prescribe; and

3 (2) 0.5 percent of such funds for activities
4 under this section with respect to schools operated
5 in the outlying areas, under such terms and condi6 tions as the Secretary may prescribe.

# 7 TITLE III—ADDITIONAL 8 PROVISIONS

9 SEC. 301. FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue
such regulations as are necessary to reasonably ensure
compliance with this Act.

14 (b) NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING PROCESS.—In car-15 rying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall use a negotiated rulemaking process described in section 1601 and 16 17 section 1602 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6571; 6572) except subparagraph 18 19 (A) of subsection (b)(3) of such section 1601 shall apply 20 by substituting "establish a negotiated rulemaking proc-21 ess;" for the text of such subparagraph.

### 22 SEC. 302. OTHER SCHOOLS.

(a) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—The Secretary of
Defense shall ensure that schools operated or funded by
the Department of Defense Education Activity or other-

wise operated or funded by the Department of Defense
 for the education of military-connected dependents comply
 with the regulations promulgated by the Secretary pursu ant to this Act.

5 (b) DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR.—The Secretary of
6 the Interior shall ensure that schools operated or funded
7 by the Department of the Interior comply with the regula8 tions promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to this Act.
9 SEC. 303. LIMITATION OF AUTHORITY.

### 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act shall be con-

- 11 strued—
- (1) to restrict or limit, or allow the Secretary
  to restrict or limit, any other rights or remedies otherwise available to students or parents under Federal, State, or local law or regulation; or
- 16 (2) to restrict or limit Federal, State, or local
  17 laws, regulations, or polices that provide for more
  18 stringent prohibitions or limitations on the use of
  19 corporal punishment than the prohibitions or limita20 tions that are provided for in this Act.

(b) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER DUTIES.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent a sworn law
enforcement officer from carrying out the lawful duties of
the officer under otherwise applicable law.

1 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION ON ENFORCEMENT. 2 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect the en-3 forcement of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42) 4 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), section 504 of 5 the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794 et seq.), 6 7 or the Department of Education Organization Act (20 8 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) and their enforcing regulations.

## 9 SEC. 304. APPLICABILITY TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND HOME 10 SCHOOLS.

(a) PRIVATE SCHOOLS.—Nothing in this Act shall be
construed to affect any private school that does not receive, or does not serve students who receive, support in
any form from any program or activity supported, in whole
or in part, with Federal funds.

16 (b) HOME SCHOOLS.—Nothing in this Act shall be17 construed to—

18 (1) affect a home school, whether or not a home
19 school is treated as a private school or home school
20 under State law; or

21 (2) consider parents who are schooling a child22 at home as program personnel.

### 23 SEC. 305. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remaining provisions of this Act and
 the application of such provisions to any person or cir cumstance shall not be affected thereby.

### 4 SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

5 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
6 as may be necessary to carry out this Act for fiscal year
7 2021 and each fiscal year thereafter.